



TxSCO Update

Dec. 8, 2022



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Federal Update

Prior Authorization Proposed Rule

Dec. 6, 2022: CMS Proposed Rule, <u>Advancing Interoperability and Improving Prior Authorization Processes</u> for Medicare Advantage Organizations, Medicaid Managed Care Plans, State Medicaid Agencies, etc.

CMS proposes rule to speed prior authorization process

BY BEN LEONARD | 12/06/2022 06:33 PM EST

The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services <u>proposed a rule</u> Tuesday to require Medicare Advantage plans and other public payers, such as those managing state Medicaid plans, to implement an electronic process for approving medical treatments.

If finalized, the prior authorization rule aims to reduce delays in care by requiring insurers to respond to providers' treatment requests more quickly. It also would bolster patient access to their medical data.

Why it matters: Insurers require that patients receive their approval for certain care in order to evaluate whether the care is medically necessary, with the goal of reducing costs. But delays and a lack of standards among insurers can mean patients wait too long for treatments they need, advocates for reform argue.

"The prior authorization and interoperability proposals we are announcing today would streamline the prior authorization process and promote health care data sharing to improve the care experience," <u>CMS Administrator Chiquita Brooks-LaSure said in a release</u>.

The proposed rule would replace one from <u>December 2020 that CMS promulgated</u> <u>under the Trump administration</u>. CMS said it did so due to "<u>stakeholder feedback</u>" and to include Medicare Advantage.

Gold Carding highlighted

 "We believe the use of gold-carding and similar prior authorization reduction programs could help alleviate provider burden... We seek comment for consideration for future rulemaking on how to measure whether and how such gold-carding or prior authorization exemption programs could reduce provider and payer burden, and improve services to patients. In particular, we seek comment on how CMS and other payers could ensure that such programs benefit diverse populations, including individuals in rural areas, individuals with disabilities, individuals with chronic illnesses, small and minority providers, and providers who disproportionately serve minority and underserved communities.

Lame Duck: Clock Ticking to Address Provider Cuts



With time running out before the Dec. 16 deadline to fund the government and Congress staring down a long to-do list ahead of the holidays, providers want to lock down congressional relief and avoid billions in cuts. | AP Photo

WITH TIME RUNNING OUT, A DEAL ON PROVIDER CUTS

REMAINS ELUSIVE — America's largest provider groups are pressuring Congress to forestall billions in looming reimbursement cuts but a deal is far from near, according to congressional members, staffers and lobbyists, POLITICO's Daniel Payne and Megan Wilson report.

Hospital and physician groups are worried about the 4 percent pay-asyou-go, or PAYGO, cuts worth \$38 billion, according to a calculation by the American Hospital Association. While there is no public estimate available of how much it would cost to fully avert the full 4.5 percent cut for one year, <u>three lobbyists working on the issue</u> said they've heard it would be more than \$2 billion. Negotiations over the physician fee cuts are still in the early stages at the committee level, congressional aides and lobbyists said.

"Historically, everybody has just waited until the end of the year," said Senate Finance Chair <u>Ron Wyden</u> (D-Ore.), who declined to offer details on the status of the talks. "We're trying to do better than that, and we'll have some more to say soon."

Sen. <u>Bill Cassidy</u> (R-La.), poised to be ranking member on the Senate HELP Committee in the next Congress, also would not discuss details, only saying providers have made clear that both physician fee schedule and PAYGO cuts are priorities for the end of the year.



118th Congressional Leadership Roles Solidifying



Sen. Chuck Schumer (NY)

Retains Senate Majority Leader position



Sen. Mitch McConnell (KY)

 Retains Senate Minority/Republican Leader position, beating Trump-backed Sen. Rick Scott (FL)



House Democrat/Minority Leader

- Pelosi announced she will not run
- Rep. Hakeem Jeffries elected



Sen. Bernie Sanders (VT)

• Expected to take over HELP Chairmanship from Sen. Patty Murray



Rep. Kevin McCarthy (CA)

• Elected House Republican leader but 31 votes against portend fractured caucus/challenge for Speaker election

Sen. Bill Cassidy (LA)

• Expected to be HELP Committee Ranking Member with Sen. Richard Burr retirement



HHS' Policy Agenda Addressed

Nov. 15, 2022: With a Republican majority in the House in 2023, Secretary Becerra stated that HHS will focus on implementing legislation enacted in the past 2 years, including the following priorities.

| Drug Pricing | Implement IRA provisions (i.e., drug negotiation, inflationary rebates) | | "We're going to have to rapidly move forward to make sure that we're ready next year to begin the process to begin the negotiationsitting down with the different | |
|-----------------------|---|--|---|--|
| Telehealth | Expand access to telehealth through increased broadband access, interstate licensing, audio-only waivers, and behavioral health coverage Sec. Becerra noted that Congressional action is | | companies and manufacturers so by 2026 the new negotiated prices will start to kick in." – HHS Sec. Becerra | |
| | needed for these priorities | | "When we are looking to do something on payment | |
| CMS Payment Reform | Continue pursuing policies that move CMS away from FFS and towards performance-based pay Continue implementation of the No Surprises Act | | reform, those who have to do the paying push back It's not as easy as you think We face a lot of litigation." | |
| Coverage Gains | • Ensure that coverage gains in public programs like the ACA exchanges and Medicaid are maintained | | – HHS Sec. Becerra | |
| ARPA-H | • Decide on the location, structure, and research focuses of the new agency | | "That's ARPA-H's DNA, is to take risks, to go for the fencesIt's to come up with something innovative, a breakthrough, revolutionary, and do it quickly." | |
| Long COVID | Continue NIH research Appropriations are needed from Congress | | – HHS Sec. Becerra | |
| | | | | |



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Executive Order Requests CMMI Demo(s) on Drugs:

Center for Medicare & Medicaid What types of demos might be under consideration?

| CAR-T | Part B Drug Reimbursement | Part D Senior Savings Demo beyond Insulin | Launch Prices | Accelerated Approval | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Rumors that CMMI is focused on CAR-T specifically Politically, this might make sense: CAR-Ts have high prices and are unlikely to be targeted by the IRA (since primarily inpatient utilization) CMS attempted a CAR-T demo in Medicaid in 2017 | CMMI tried to tackle Part B drugs in 3 of the 5 drug demos; may revisit MedPAC currently studying Part B reform | Only successful drug demo to date CMMI's Strategy Refresh noted the agency is considering expansion beyond insulin | Launch prices are viewed as unfinished business from the IRA | Topic of high scrutiny FDA CMS Congress MACPAC ICER Drs. Zeke Emanuel and Richard Frank proposed | |
| | Signals: Health Equity is a priority Models (perhaps even EOM) could be mandatory OCM/EOM total cost of care could be expanded broader than oncology Site-neutrality noted by CMMI in Strategic Refresh (Oct. 2021) to address patient affordability and reduce spending Becerra and Fowler noting lawsuits are a hinderance to shifting to PBP Protected Classes may be off-the-table | | | Richard Frank proposed the "Pay for Drugs that Work" CMMI model • Lower payment for AA drugs (<u>link</u>) | |

Recap of Past Demos: CMMI & Prescription Drugs

| March 2016: | Oct. 2018 | March 2019 | March 2020 | Nov. 2020 |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Part B Demo Proposed Rule Mandatory participation Two-phase Part B drug demo: 1. Reimburse at ASP plus 2.5% and a flat fee of \$16.80 per prescription 2. Test the application of value-based purchasing tools, potentially including reference-based pricing, indications- based pricing, and risk- sharing agreements Oct. 2017: formally withdrawn | Part B International Pricing Index (IPI) ANPRM Mandatory participation IPI targeted Part B drugs, would have based reimbursement on 126% of international prices and eliminated buy-and- bill, instead moving to vendor purchasing Proposed Rule was never released | Part D Payment Modernization Model Voluntary participation Part D and MAPD plans take on two-sided risk for the CMS federal reinsurance subsidy Jan. 2021: Trump-led CMS updated the model to eliminate the Protected Class coverage guarantee for 5 of the 6 classes (antiretrovirals would remain protected) starting 2022 March 2021: Biden-led CMS reversed that policy change CMS allowed the model to expire year-end 2021 | Part D Senior Savings Model Voluntary participation Insulin manufacturers pay increased Part D Coverage Gap discounts (70% is calculated before the application of supplemental benefits) in exchange for Part D and MAPD plans providing \$35 max copays Status: Ongoing The only notable prescription drug model to be implemented | Part B Most Favored Nation (MFN) Interim Final Rule Mandatory participation MFN targeted Part B drugs and would have based reimbursement on the lowest per capita GDP-adjusted price of any non-U.S. member country of the OECD. This means that instead of ASP + 6% reimbursement, targeted drugs would have been reimbursed at an average rate of ASP – 65% CMS projected 19% of beneficiaries would have been forced to forgo treatment because unable to find a willing provider Dec. 2020: Court blocked |
| 3 out of 5 past C | MFN implementation for | | | |

3 out of 5 past CMMI drug-related demos focused or physician-reimbursement for Part B drugs

improper use of the

interim final rule process

Notable Reports

ASCO: Oncology Providers Report Prior Authorization ASCO[®] Causes Patient Harms

Nov. 22, 2022. An <u>ASCO survey</u> found that prior authorization causes delayed care and other patient harms. ASCO has updated its position statement on Prior Authorization (<u>link</u>) to incorporate the survey findings.



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Patient Harms

Survey administered June 27-July 30, 2022 with 300 respondents (distributed to 7,276 US ASCO members). Most respondents reported completing up to 50 prior authorizations per week (n = 160, 56%) and spending up to 40 hours per week on them (n = 151, 53%). Billing Staff led on the role most frequently initiating prior authorization (n = 92, 31%); over half of respondents reported having up to two staff in their practice working exclusively on prior authorizations (n = 152, 52%).

ASCO Publishes In-Office Dispensing Trends (2010-2019)



FIG 1. National trends in (A) share of oncologists with medically integrated dispensing, and (B) share of oncologists in community practices and in hospitalintegrated practices with medically integrated dispensing. NOTE: Lines are the lowess smoothed curves of annual shares (bandwidth = 0.8).

Trends (from 2010-2019)

- Overall, share of oncologists in practices with medically integrated dispensing increased 12.8% to 32.1%
 - Community oncologists
 - Increased 7.6% to 28.3%
 - Hospital-based oncologists in dispensing practices
 - Increased from 18.3% to 33.4%

Hospital Consolidation: Acquisitions Outside of Commuting Zones on the Rise

Nov. 7, 2022: Health Affairs, <u>"The Rise of Cross-Market Hospital Systems and Their Market Power in The US"</u> Authors: Brent D. Fulton, Daniel R. Arnold, Jaime S. King, Alexandra D. Montague, Thomas L. Greaney, and Richard M. Scheffler

Hospital Consolidation Across Markets

- Health Affairs study found that more health systems are targeting to acquire hospitals outside of their existing geographic regions.
- 55% of the 1,500 hospitals targeted for a merger or acquisition between 2010 and 2019 were located in a different commuting zone than the acquirer.
- During that same period, the number of health systems located in urban commuting zones that "potentially" could wield increased cross-market negotiating power grew by 54%.
- The researchers claim the finding "warrants concern and scrutiny" due to possible anticompetitive power during payer negotiations.



State Update



88th Legislature – Leadership Updates

- Last week, the Texas House Republican Caucus overwhelmingly voted to support current Speaker Dade Phelan for another term; Speaker Phelan had an easy time fending off a challenge from Freedom Caucus member, Tony Tinderholt.
- The House Committee on Administration met earlier this week to consider proposals for changes to the rules that govern the House; of note is one proposal that would end the tradition of minority party members from serving as committee chairs.
- Last week, Lt. Governor Dan Patrick announced his legislative priorities for this session, from the perspective of the large amount of budget surplus that will be available for appropriation during the 2023 legislative session.
 - Property tax relief;
 - Electric grid reliability;
 - Border security and law enforcement;
 - Education and school security (specifically mentioned the need to address nursing shortage via repayment programs);
 - Moving Texas forward, which includes investment in the state mental health system; and
 - Election integrity



2023 New Members

SD-11

Janie Lopez

HD-37

Suleman Lalani

HD-76



Phil King SD-10

Terri Leo-Wilson

HD-23



SD-12

Erin Gamez

HD-38

Carl Tepper

HD-84



Pete Flores

SD-24

Lulu Flores

HD-51

Stan Kitzman

HD-85



SD-27

Caroline Harris

HD-52

Salman Bhojani

HD-92



SD-31

Richard Hayes

HD-57

Nate Schatzline

HD-93



Stan Gerdes

HD-17



Christian Manuel HD-22









Josey Garcia



Frederick Frazier

Venton Jones

HD-100





HD-114

Ben Bumgarner







HD-122

HD-19



HD-124



Ν E Carrie Isaac

HD-73





(Mostly) New Faces at the Capitol

Jolanda Jones HD-147

Mano DeAyala HD-133



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88th Legislature – Bill Prefiling







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